How to make a protective face shield or visor

Face shields, or visors, protect the eyes, nose and mouth against droplet transmission of respiratory viruses such as COVID-19. If they are unavailable, or too expensive, here is how to make your own.

There is an increasing recognition of the importance of eye protection in reducing the risk of COVID-19 transmission and infection among health care workers, and health care workers are urged to wear eye protection when in close contact with patients.1,2 Face shields, or visors, offer more protection than a mask and safety goggles, as they prevent viral droplets from landing on the face, from where they can more easily be transferred to the eyes, nose or mouth. However, face shields are not always available locally.

It is possible to make an eye shield using locally available materials. Face shields do not need to be sterilised, but they must be cleaned between patients. Clean with detergent first, then using hospital disinfectant. Finish by wiping with water or 70% ethanol to remove any residues.

**Top tip:** To avoid the shield (or your spectacles) misting up when you wear an ordinary surgical mask, tape the upper edge of the mask to your cheeks and the bridge of your nose using surgical or micropore tape.

**Face shield with foam rest**

For health workers who need to wear a face shield for a long period of time, we recommend this type, which has a foam rest to improve comfort on the forehead.

**You will need:**
- Transparent, flexible plastic film (or a clear binder)
- Strips of cloth, approximately 3–4 cm wide (Figure 1), a woven belt (Figure 2) or a broad elastic band
- Soft foam or cotton wool
- A stapler, or needle and thread/twine or adhesive glue/gum
- Scissors

**Method**

1. Take these measurements to make a customised face shield:
   - **a:** From temple to temple, across the forehead (about 28–35 cm)
   - **b:** While looking straight ahead, the distance from brow area to below the chin (about 21–25 cm, depending on the length desired)
   - **c:** The head circumference at the widest point across the forehead (about 55–63 cm)

2. Cut the transparent, flexible film into a rectangle:
   - Width equal to **a** (the distance from temple to temple, across the forehead)
   - Height equal to **b** (the distance from the brow to below the chin, or as desired)
To make this type of face shield, you will need:

- Transparent, flexible plastic film, A4 size (21 cm x 30 cm)
- A hole punch
- Elastic band (30–40 cm in length)

Note: It is possible to create clear plastic film by putting an empty A4 laminating pouch through an office laminating machine.

Method

1. The A4 plastic film fits sideways across the face, so the width (30 cm) covers the area from the forehead to below the chin (Figure 3).
2. Use the hole punch to create two holes on either side of the A4 plastic film when held horizontally, approximately 5 cm from the top and 1 cm from the side.
3. Thread elastic band through both holes and tie at one end.
4. Leave the other side untied until the individual tries it on and adjusts the elastic band to fit them (Figure 4).

For spectacle wearers, a quick and easy solution is to use a clear plastic binder pocket, or sleeve, and thread the arms of your spectacles through the holes, as shown in Figure 5.

References


Face shields for paediatric ophthalmologists

Children are not able to practice social distancing or respiratory hygiene, which is cause for concern amongst paediatric ophthalmologists. For this group of eye health workers, a face shield without a foam rest is comfortable enough, as they may only wear the shield for short periods of time.